## Lesson 13: Rates and Unit Rates

A rate is a ratio that compares two different units. Some examples of rates are 72 miles per 3 gallons, $\$ 6$ for 3 pounds, and 130 heartbeats in 2 minutes.

A unit rate is a rate that compares two different units, where one of the measurements is 1 . Some unit rates are 24 miles per gallon, $\$ 2$ per pound, and 65 heartbeats per minute. Notice that these unit rates could also be stated as 24 miles per 1 gallon, $\$ 2.00$ per 1 pound, and 65 heartbeats per 1 minute.

## Example

Mr. Easton bought 12 gallons of gas for $\$ 36$. What is Mr. Easton's unit rate for the cost of 1 gallon of gas?

Use the ratio of dollars to gallons of gas to find the unit rate.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{\text { dollars }}{\text { gallons of gas }} & =\frac{36}{12} \\
& =\frac{3}{1} \\
& =3
\end{aligned}
$$

Mr. Easton paid \$3 for every gallon of gas.

## Example

Julia traveled 432 miles in 8 hours. What is the unit rate for the average number of miles she traveled per 1 hour?

Use the ratio of miles to hours to find the unit rate.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{\text { miles }}{\text { hours }} & =\frac{432}{8} \\
& =\frac{54}{1} \\
& =54
\end{aligned}
$$

Julia traveled an average of 54 miles per 1 hour.

A tape diagram can help solve a rate problem. You can use it to find the unit rate. Then you can multiply the unit rate by the number of items.

## Example

The cost of 4 curtains is $\$ 48$. What is the cost of 6 curtains?
The following tape diagram shows $\$ 48$ split into 4 equal parts. The value of each part represents the cost of 1 curtain.


$$
\$ 48 \div 4=\$ 12
$$

The unit rate is $\$ 12$ for 1 curtain, so the cost of 6 curtains will be equal to the unit rate times 6.

$$
\$ 12 \times 6=\$ 72
$$

The cost of 6 curtains is $\$ 72$.

## Example

The cost of 5 toy cars is $\$ 35$. What is the cost of 9 toy cars?
The following tape diagram shows $\$ 35$ split into 5 equal parts. The value of each part represents the cost of 1 toy car.


| $\frac{\$ 35}{5}$ | $\frac{\$ 35}{5}$ | $\frac{\$ 35}{5}$ | $\frac{\$ 35}{5}$ | $\frac{\$ 35}{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

$$
\$ 35 \div 5=\$ 7
$$

The unit rate is $\$ 7$ for 1 toy car, so the cost of 9 toy cars will be equal to the unit rate times 9.

$$
\$ 7 \times 9=\$ 63
$$

The cost of 9 toy cars is $\$ 63$.

